Emergency Response to Crashes



Captain Peter J. Negro Illinois State Police District Chicago

This presentation examines a variety of disciplines involved in emergency response to crashes. The presentation covers a crash from roadway to investigation. The ideas presented are meant to provide facts, good and bad, that may impact emergency response.

- Presentation will discuss the affect of emergency response to traffic safety and traffic flow
- The affect of emergency responders in handling crashes and long term traffic safety
 - Modify driving behavior, provide emergency medical care and ultimately share crash data analyses with engineers

Multi-Disciplinary Approach to Traffic Safety

- Enforcement
- Engineering
- Education
- Emergency Medical

- Dan Ryan Construction Project Critical Incident Response Plan
 - Integration of Police, Fire and IDOT Resources
- Police Response
- Fire/EMS Response
- IDOT Emergency Traffic Patrol (Chicago/Metro East)
- Serious Injury and Fatal Crash Investigations
- Roadway Engineering and EMS

I-90/94 (Dan Ryan Expressway) Construction Project Overview



I-90/94 (Dan Ryan Expressway) Construction Project Overview

INTERSTATI

- \$975 million project
- Approximately 9 miles
- Increase various segments from 14 to 16 lanes
- 320,000 ADT pre-construction
- During project reduced segments of expressway from 14 to 6 lanes
- Reroute traffic off of expressway
- 160,000 ADT during construction

IDOT Project Goals

- Reduce congestion
- Improve pavement and traffic safety
- Reduce flooding

I-90/94 (Dan Ryan Expressway) Crisis Communication and Critical Incident Response Plan

A crisis is any event or emergency resulting directly or indirectly from the reconstruction process that drastically impedes the flow of traffic, results in serious injury or fatality, or requires immediate response to media inquiries...

Types of Incidents

- Construction/work zone accidents
- Multi-vehicle accidents
- Severe traffic jams
- Equipment accidents (construction)
- Structural Damage
- Environmental hazards
- Work stoppages
- Natural disasters

- Developed in response to expressway lane/ramp reconfiguration during construction
- Segments of expressway reduced to six lanes without shoulders
- Possibility of increased congestion and slower response
- Critical Incident Response Plan was rehearsed prior to start of project



Entrance Ramp to be blocked: 18th Street

ISP Plan

- IDOT funding increased staffing to allow five additional troopers and one supervisor
- Officers expected to be within construction zone for quick response
 - Enforcement
 - Injury crashes
- Supervisor coordinated personnel and critical incident response with IDOT, CFD, CPD and IDOT Communication Center (Schaumburg)

IDOT Plan

- Increase Emergency Traffic Patrol coverage for quicker response (Emergency Patrol Vehicles)
- Emergency Traffic Patrol Supervisor coordinated personnel and critical incident response with ISP, CFD and CPD through IDOT Communication Center (Schaumburg)

2006-8 Zone Responses2007-2 Zone Responses

Critical Incident Response Results

Crash response to Officers responding to Shots Fired

- May 7, 2006 at 11:29 pm
- I-90/94 n/b exit to 39th Street
- Three CPD Tactical Officers responding to shots fired call involved in roll-over crashed
- Officers were trapped in burning squad car
- Fire extinguished and officers rescued by ISP, IDOT personnel

Traffic Safety Results
2005-28 Fatalities
2006-17 Fatalities
2007-12 Fatalities

Successes

- Communication
- Planning
- Coordination

Law Enforcement Response to Crashes

- Police Officers are required to be certified in First Responder/First Aid/CPR
 - ISP Cadets receive 40 hours of First Responder Training
 - Includes training/certification in CPR and Automated External Defibrillator
- Annual Recertification Required

Law Enforcement Response to Crashes

Victim has no health insurance and wants driver to come forward

By Deanese Williams-Harris | Chicago Tribune reporter October 16, 2008

A Chicago man whose left leg was amputated after he was struck by a hit-and-run driver this month says he is unsure about his future with mounting medical bills and a mortgage to pay. Michael] Bielinski was on his way home with his girlfriend from a friend's birthday party about 3:30 a.m. on Oct. 5 when his SUV started shaking. He pulled over to the shoulder of the Ontario Street feeder ramp of the Kennedy Expressway to check the tires, Bielinski said. His girlfriend also exited the vehicle, he said. Moments after he stepped out, he was hit by a car and thrown into the road, Bielinski said. Within minutes, two Illinois state troopers, Dennis Kranz and Zachary Petters, arrived and applied a tourniquet to Bielinski's injured leg, saving his life, state police said. He suffered damage to a major artery in his left leg, requiring its amputation, Bielinski said. In addition, he sustained a lacerated spleen, a bruised kidney, a fractured vertebrae and multiple injuries to his left arm, he said.

Law Enforcement Response to Crashes

- Scene Safety
 - Proper Positioning of Emergency Vehicle Protocol
 - Ensure responding EMS vehicles have an open corridor/route to scene
 - Clear scene
 - Relocate vehicles
 - Completion of crash investigation

Accident Investigation Sites

WOOD ST ACCIDENT INVESTIGATION SITE



Fire EMS Response to Crashes

Chicago Fire Department EMS Plan

- The EMS Plan Procedure was Developed to:
 - Manage a mass casualty incident that has occurred or appears imminent.
 - Outlines a standardized procedure for response, notification, and the orderly removal of victims, at the scene of an incident.
 - Provides a predetermined quantity of equipment and personnel to a mass casualty incident.

EMS Plan Procedure

- "EMS Plan I", "EMS Plan II" and "EMS Plan III" are the terms utilized when requesting for adequate support.
- A request for implementation of EMS Plan is the responsibility of the Fire/EMS first arriving officer or Incident Commander.

Escalation of an EMS Plan

Escalation of a Plan is determined by:

- number of victims
- the severity of their injuries/illness
- weather conditions
- the potential for imminent danger
- or any other circumstances that can reasonably be expected to further endanger the victims

First Advanced Life Support Ambulance

- Triage Team
- Size-up the incident and request necessary resources to manage the incident.
- Announce EMS Tactical Channel
- Set triage/treatment area
- Set a staging area.
- Triage Officer 1st arriving EMS officer, acts as EMS command until relieved by superior EMS officer.
- Advise EMS command when "triage is complete"

Second Arriving Ambulance

- Will report to EMS command for assignment
- May be required to transport or establish further triage/treatment area.
- Additional units will report to the EMS staging area unless otherwise directed

Communications with the Command Hospital

- Communications with the designated hospital will initially be made by the Triage Officer and transitioned to the Communications Officer.
- The Communications Officer will provide the designated command hospital with:
 - Transport Ambulance
 - Triage Color
 - Adult or Pediatric
 - ETA
 - Type of injury/Illness

Helicopter Air Ambulance Response

- The CFD Incident Commander on scene makes the decision to transport by helicopter based on:
 - Type of injury/illness
 - Weather conditions/distance from hospital
 - Recommendation from the highest ranking medical officer on the scene

Medical Management is determined by the Chicago EMS system Standing Medical Orders (SMOs)

The EMS Command Chief has the responsibility for ascertaining that the incident is medically secured

Scott's Law

Move Over Law



Scott's Law

- Lieutenant Scott Gillen
- Struck and killed by a drunk driver December 23, 2000
- 37 years of age
- Promoted to Lieutenant two weeks prior to death
- Married/Five children

CFD Lieutenant Scott Gillen

Chicago Fire Lieutenant Struck, Killed by Car at Accident Scene

Firehouse.Com News

The driver of a car that fatally struck a Chicago fire lieutenant on Saturday has been charged with reckless homicide. Seeing the driver held accountable, however, can provide little satisfaction for the fire department, said spokesman Mike Cosgrove. "It will not bring Lt. Gillen back," he said. "The fire department is in the midst of preparing a funeral to honor the firefighter and at this time wishes that the law enforcement authorities perform their job and charge the driver with whatever is appropriate," the spokesman said. Newly appointed lieutenant Scott Gillen, 37, the father of five daughters, was killed as he was working at the scene of a traffic accident shortly after 2 a.m. Saturday morning. Police said the driver of the car, Carlando Hurt, failed to merge around the parked emergency vehicles. Gillen was trapped between the car and his own ladder truck, which he had been standing behind. After he was extricated, he was taken to an area hospital where he died a short time later. There were no other serious injuries in the crash. Other charges Hunt faces include failing to yield to an emergency vehicle, driving under the influence and driving with a revoked license. At a bond hearing, prosecutors also told the judge that Hurt was legally drunk at the tie of the crash, the Chicago Tribune reported. Hunt's bond was set at \$400,000. "It is clear that there are members of the public that are not respecting the importance of emergency vehicles responding to alarms," Cosgrove said. "The fire commissioner is very upset that this situation takes such a heavy toll."





- Started in 1960 as pilot program for Congress/I-290 Eisenhower Expressway during construction
- Made permanent in 1961







The ETP program dispatches teams of emergency patrol vehicles and drivers to traffic disruptions and potential safety problems caused by accidents, disabled vehicles, or hazardous debris on high-traffic volume segments of the Illinois interstate system.

The ETP program's success was (and remains) the subject of very favorable press and media coverage. One of the earliest and most ardent fans of the program was the late Erv Hayden, a Chicago Police Sergeant who provided traffic reports from a helicopter and which were broadcast over Chicago radio station WGN. Hayden, who also appeared on his own traffic safety show on WGN 's television station on Saturday mornings, featured the ETP program on at least two of his TV broadcasts.

It was Hayden who was responsible for naming the patrol, "The Minutemen." He had noted that, from his helicopter, that whenever there were accidents or other problems on the expressways, it always seemed that an ETP vehicle was on the scene "within a minute."

- Emergency Patrol Personnel receive 12 weeks of training, including:
 - First Aid/CPR
 - Heavy Wrecker training
- Cover Cook County (expanding) 24 hours a day, seven days a week
- Communicate with ISP via STARCOM and IDOT Communication Center in Schaumburg

Serious Injury and Fatality Crash Investigation









Crash Data Retrieval System for Event Data Recorders ("Black Box")





1984	2000	2003	2004
Vetronix/GM Relationship Began in 1984 Tech 1	CDR System Released GM Only Coverage		
Continued Development for GM			
		First Ford Update Version 2.3 March 2003	
		Vetronix Purchased by Bosch GmbH Aug 2003	Second Ford Release Added 50+ New Systems Version 2.7 Dec 2004
August 26, 2003, Santa that, effective July 9, 2003, it	Barbara, California - Vetronix has been acquired by <u>Robert Bos</u>	Corporation is pleased to <u>sch GmbH</u> . Managed by <u>ETAS (</u>	announce <u>GmbH</u>



Crash Data Retrieval Overview

 In the event of a Crash the vehicle Air Bag Module Records Crash Data

•CDR System Downloads and formats Data into Graph & Table displays (Windows Based Program)

•Manufacturer Vehicles Supported

Select 1994 - 2006 GM Vehicles Select 2001 - 2005 Ford Vehicles Addition of one new OEM planned for Early 2007 (Chrysler)

Two Methods to Download Data

Through the vehicles Diagnostic Link Detector (DLC)



Two Methods to Download Data

Direct to the airbag module



Data Collected

- Speed prior to impact (5 seconds prior)
- Speed change in velocity
- Seat belt use
- Brake switch function (8 seconds prior)

Types of Crash Data Recorded



Types of Crash Data Recorded

Hetronix Crash Data Retrieval Tool 0G4K00000X0000000 - [Deployment Data Summa				
🗱 File Edit View Run Window Help Special	_ <u>-</u> - <u>-</u> ×			
0G4K00000X0000000 System Status At Deployment				
SIR Warning Lamp Status OFF				
Driver's Belt Switch Circuit Status UNBUCKLED				
Passenger Front Air Bag Suppression Switch Circuit Status ON				
Ignition Cycles At Deployment 187				
Ignition Cycles At Investigation 213				
PRE-CRASH_DATA Electronic Data Validity Check Status = VALID				
Seconds Before AE Vehicle Speed (MPH) Engine Speed (RPM) Percent Throttle Brake Switch Circuit Status				
-5 57 4032 100 OFF				
-4 65 4160 70 OFF				
-3 62 2304 2 ON				
-2 55 1088 2 ON				
-1 47 896 2 ON				
Time (Milliseconds) 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 110 120 130	140 150			
Recorded Velocity Change (MPH) -1.54 -3.07 -3.51 -5.27 -7.68 -10.09 -12.29 -16.24 -21.50 -27.86 -32.69 -39.93 -42.	78 -43.44 -44.32			
Time (Milliseconds) 160 170 180 190 200 210 220 240 250 260 270 280	290 300			
Recorded Velocity Change (MPH) 44.98 45.42 46.07 46.95 47.17 47.17 47.17 47.17 47.17 47.17 47.17 47.17 47.17 47.17 47.17 47.17	17 -47.17 -47.17			
Time From Algorithm Enable To Deployment Command (msec) 18.75				
Time from Near Deployment to Deployment (sec) N/A				
File loaded Events: DEPLOYMENT_NEAR.DEPLOYMENT_				

Serious Injury and Fatality Crash Investigation

Mandatory Blood Draws-DUI-Fatal or A injury Crash

- Law Enforcement believes subject may be under the influence
- At hospital, Police officer reads warning to motorist and motorist refuses
- Non-Consensual Blood Draw-Police officer directs hospital emergency room staff to draw blood
- Though Hospitals are protected from liability, including the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA), some hospitals will not forcibly take a blood sample and ultimately hinders the investigation and prosecution
- Instead of possible long term loss of DL, and in cases of reckless homicide, maintains their maintains ability to drive and freedom

Effects of Roadway Engineering on EMS

- Narrow shoulders/No Shoulders
- Crossovers
- High Tension Cable Rail

High-Tension Cable Rail













Questions

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